



SMS na Manutenção

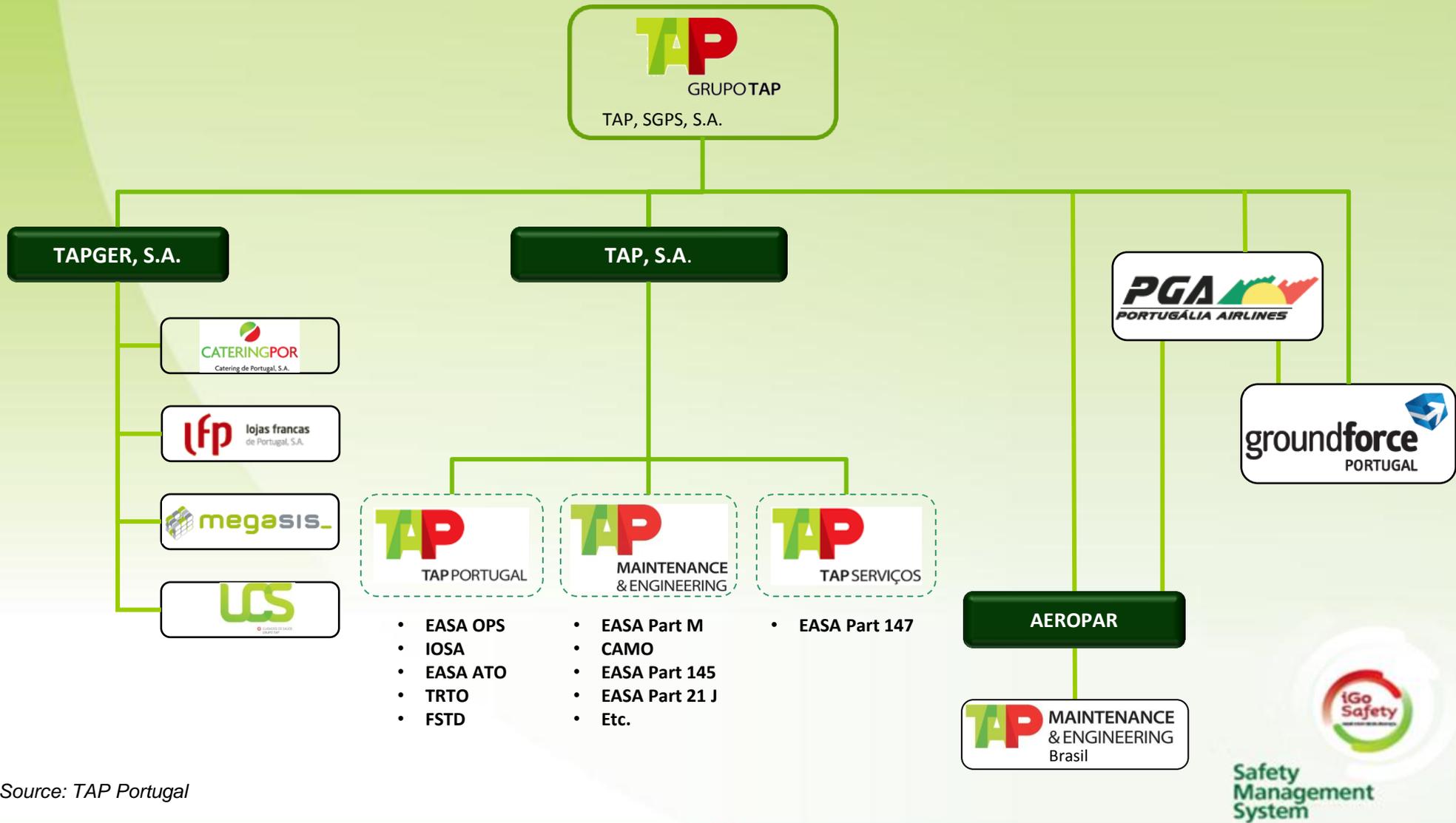
“Lessons Learnt”

Jorge Leite
TAP Manutenção e Engenharia
Diretor da Qualidade e Segurança Operacional

Lisboa, 30 Jan 2014

1. Explicar os desafios da implementação do SMS na TAP Manutenção e Engenharia
2. Realçar os componentes chave do SMS na Manutenção, e...
3. Partilhar o que  aprendemos durante a sua implementação na TAP Manutenção e Engenharia





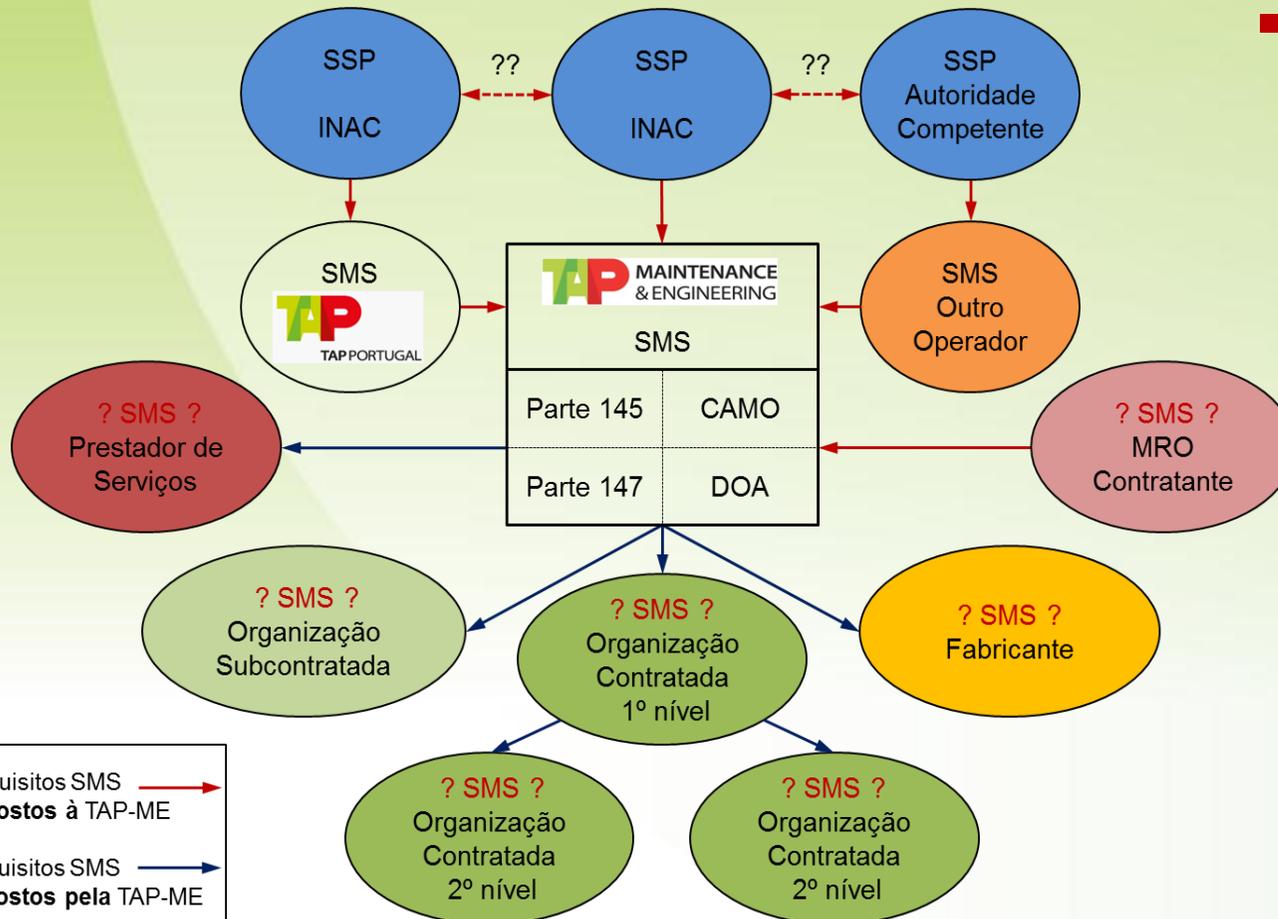
Source: TAP Portugal

SMS Connections na Manutenção



ICAO Annex 9 – Safety Management, Doc 9859 Ed. 3

Regulamentos Europeus, EASP, EASp



Problemas:

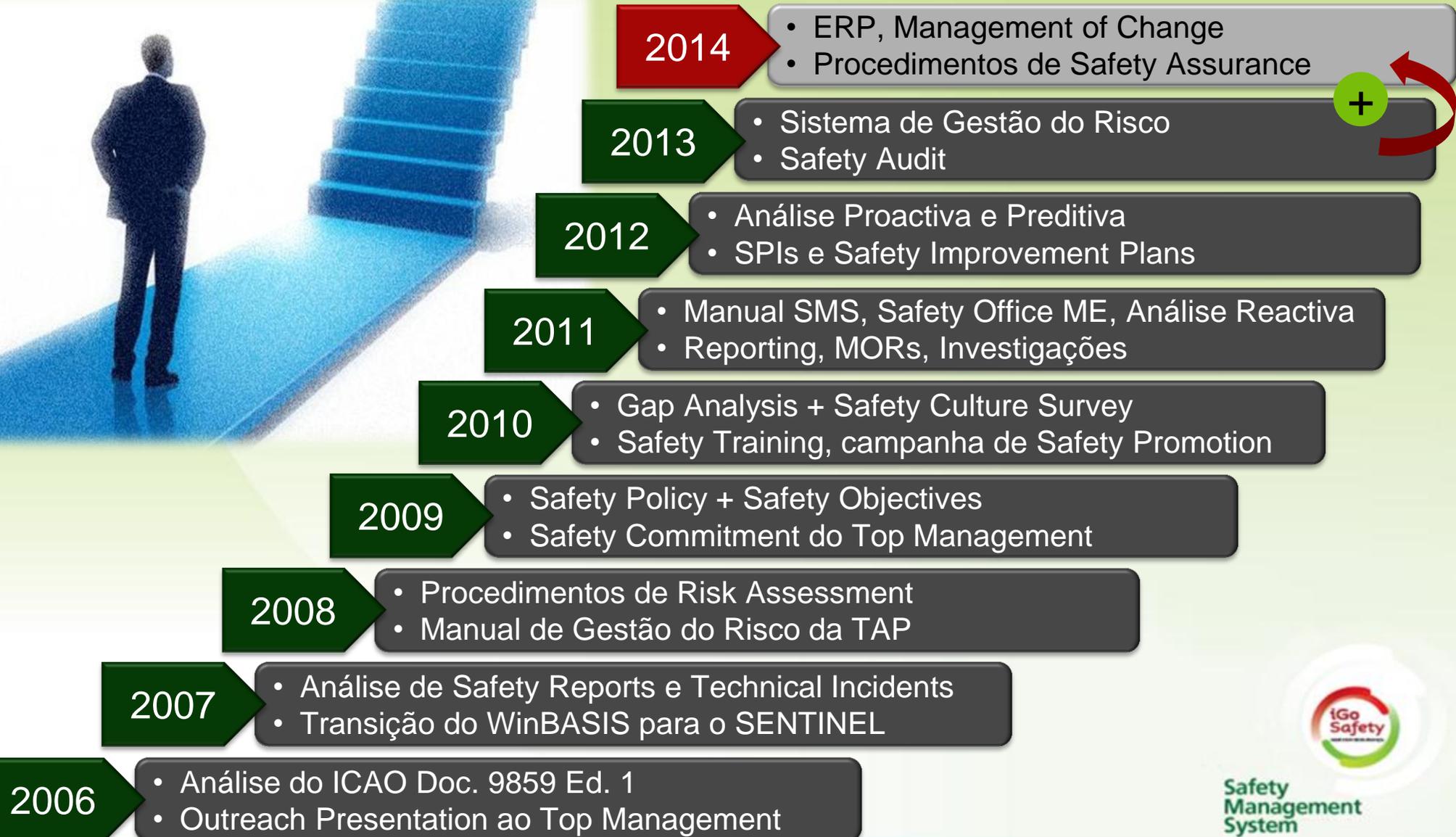
- Diferentes países
- Diferentes culturas
- Força da CAA local
- Existe SSP ?
- Existe SMS ?
- Estado de implementação
- Qualidade da supervisão
- SPIs, KRIs
- Principais perigos
- Concorrência
- Sigilo
- Etc.



Safety Management System

Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering

SMS Roadmap na TAP-ME



Safety
Management
System



- ICAO
 - Anexo 19 “Safety Management”, Ed. 1, July 2013, 14/Nov/2013
 - Doc. 9859 Ed. 3 “Safety Management Manual (SMM)”
- IATA
 - IOSA (ORG e MNT) SMS, Standards Manual Ed. 7, 01/Set/2013
- EU
 - EASP “European Aviation Safety Programme”, 25/Oct/2011
 - EASp “European Aviation Safety Plan 2014-2017”, 20/Jan/2014
 - Annex A – EASp Status Report 2013
 - Annex B – EASp implementation in the States
 - Annex C – SSP Phase Implementation Survey Results





■ EASA

- Air Operations (EU) **965/2012**, 05/Oct/2012, OPS.ORO.GEN.200
- **NPA 2013-01** “Embodiment of SMS requirements into Commission Regulation (EC) No 2042/2003”, 21/Jan/2013
 - (A) – Explanatory note and RIA
 - (B) – Part M
 - (C) – Part 145
- **NPA 2013-19** “Embodiment of SMS requirements into Commission Regulation (EC) No 2042/2003: Part 66 & Part 147”, 10/Oct/2013



Tasks **ATRASADAS**: a EASA **adiou** este assunto e espera agora publicar, apenas em **2016**, uma Opinion única que irá abranger os assuntos das NPA 2013-01 e 2013-19.



Safety
Management
System



- EASA (cont.)
 - Tasks **RMT.0262** (MDM.060) e **RMT.0611** (MDM.060) “Embodiment of Level of Involvement (LOI) and SMS principles in Part 21 (**Opinion** expected **2014**, **Decision** expected **2015**)

- EU / EASA Working Groups
 - **ESSI** “European Strategic Safety Initiative”
 - **ECAST** “European Commercial Aviation Safety Team”
 - **SM ICG** “Safety Management International Collaboration Group”

- Portugal
 - Requisitos **SSP**
 - Safety Targets





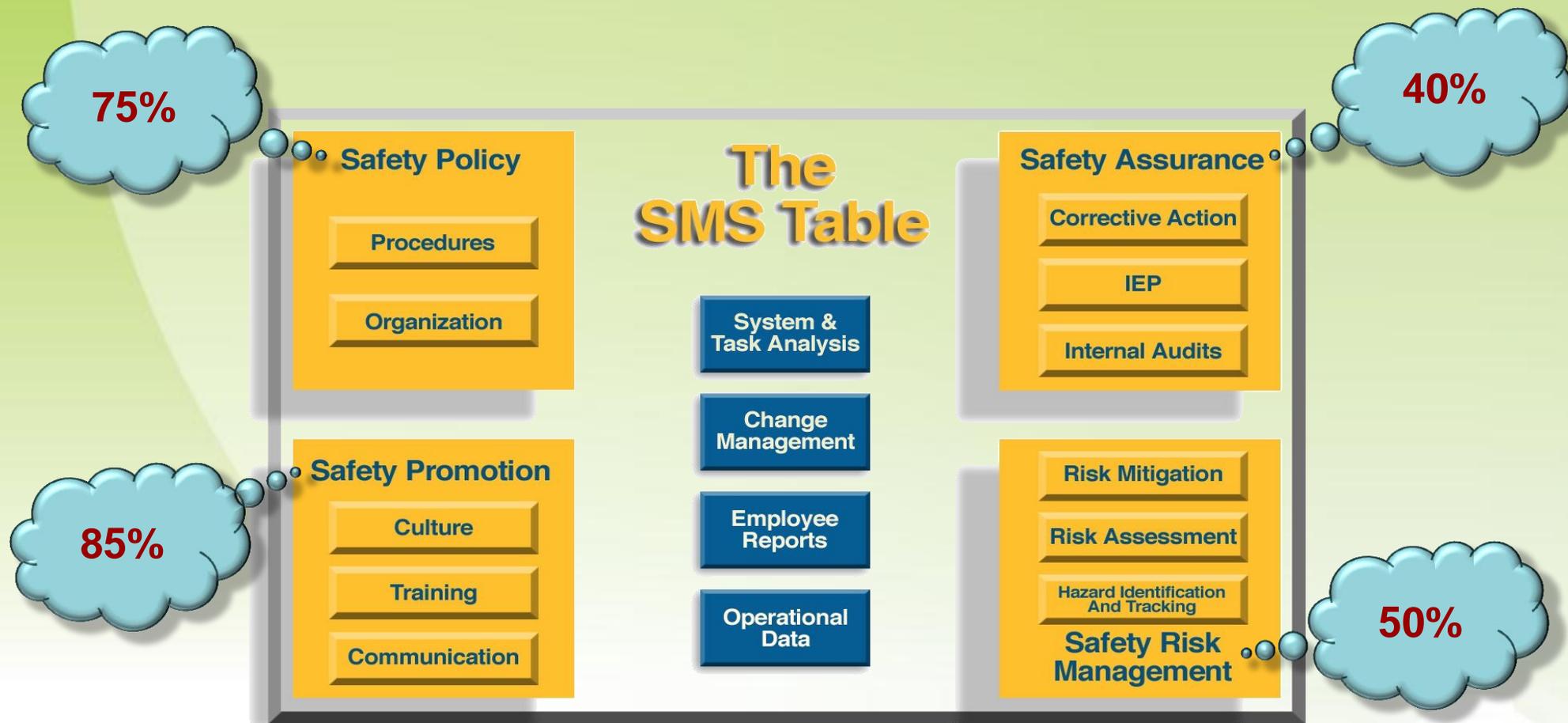
- ISO, AS, EN
 - AS EN **9110**:2010 – Quality Management Systems, Requirements for Aviation Maintenance Organizations
 - ISO **31000**:2009 – Risk Management – Principles and Guidelines
 - ISO **31010**:2009 – Risk Management – Risk Assessment Techniques
 - ISO **22301**:2012 – Societal Security – Business Continuity Management Systems - Requirements

- Mercado MRO
 - Requisitos de Safety dos Operadores e Clientes
 - Obrigações contratuais
 - Safety Management - Políticas e Procedimentos da TAP-ME



Safety
Management
System

4 Pilares + Safety Culture



“Status” de Implementação (estimado, Jan 2014)

Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering



SMS Reconsidered

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE



I don't write about safety management systems (SMSs) much because everybody else seems to be getting "burned out" on the subject. Back when the international standards for SMS were signed out at ICAO, we all knew we were going to launch a new industry full of consultants. We also knew that all these consultants couldn't possibly know much about the subject and would be forced to regurgitate the ICAO guidance material that was being put out. It was obvious that the process people dealing with ISO and QMS would embrace the concept of SMS and treat it as another process exercise. It was also clear that regulators were going to have a very hard time evaluating an SMS and would be forced to reduce the concept to a series of checklists.

All of those predictions have come true, so it is time to take an honest look at where we are and where we go from here. The ICAO guidance was built around the "four pillars," so now everybody has an SMS with four pillars. And of course, now every regulator has a checklist that counts the pillars. We all have policies, posters, forms, processes and meetings. This is all really very comforting to people who have never grasped the concept of risk management. They are reassured by the fact that all they really have to do is fill out the right form and show up at the weekly meeting. Many well-meaning operators have worked themselves into a position where they are spending lots of time and money, but are not necessarily getting the intended results. Many managers have figured this out, and thankfully a few of them have come to us. We are learning a lot from these operators and, as a result, the Foundation is now trying to drive SMS back to its core principles.

Before SMS was made complex by the consultants and process people, it was meant to do one

simple thing — allocate resources against risk. I would suggest that we measure that instead of counting our meetings and posters. Please put away the checklist and try this approach instead. Go back to last year's budget, and see if you can find one single instance where information from your SMS caused you to spend money differently than you had planned. If you cannot find an example of that in your operation, you either have an extraordinarily brilliant budgeting process, or an SMS that is not delivering. I would bet on the latter.

If you want to go deeper, let me give you four simple audit questions that are really easy to answer if you have an effective SMS, and impossible to answer if you don't:

1. What is most likely to be the cause of your next accident or serious incident?
2. How do you know that?
3. What are you doing about it?
4. Is it working?

The easiest way to make people do silly things is to measure them against mindless objectives. I think SMS was always a serious and practical idea. It is supposed to change the way you manage risk. Find a way to measure those changes, and you will find a way to drive an effective implementation.

William R. Voss
President and CEO
Flight Safety Foundation

O SMS é suposto fazer uma coisa muito simples: disponibilizar recursos para controlar o **Risco**

“...deixem-me colocar-vos quatro perguntas, que são realmente simples de responder se tivermos um SMS eficaz, e impossíveis de responder se não tivermos:

1. Qual será a causa mais provável do nosso próximo evento catastrófico ?
2. Como sabemos isso ?
3. O que estamos a fazer para evitar ?
4. Está a dar resultado ? “



Safety
Management
System

Source: Flight Safety Foundation, Aero Safety World, May 2012



The Commitment from the Top

“The commitment to Safety must come down from the top like a waterfall. Safety begins in the minds, it is a mind state, an attitude, and must be a part of an organization’s Culture.”

*Roberto Kobeh González, President of the Council, ICAO
3rd Annual FAA International Aviation Safety Forum, Nov 02, 2006*

O Comprometimento da Gestão tem que ser mantido e demonstrado, mesmo nos momentos de grande pressão



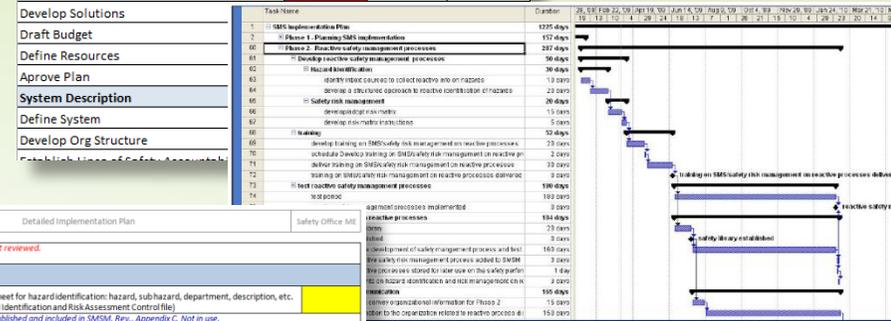
Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering e Airbus

- Gap Analysis
 - O SMS não é novo
 - Agrega processos existentes
 - Reorienta prioridades e recursos
 - Importa saber “em que pé estamos”
- Planeamento: **ESSENCIAL**
 - Planear antes, executar depois
 - Opção 1: por fases (Gant)
 - Opção 2: “building blocks” (preferível)

2.2.2.6	All identified hazard data are systematically recorded, stored and analyzed	N/A	No	Yes – select a value				
		0	1	2	3	4	5	
Comments	There is currently no “system” in place for hazard data other than the clearly evident verbal reporting that has been noted in Section 3							
GAP								

2.2.2.7	How is the analysis of the data presented to the management team (safety meetings etc) such that it is used in a timely and effective manner?	N/A	No	Yes – select a value				
		0	1	2	3	4	5	
Comments	The majority of safety issues are addressed via the morning operational meeting							

PHASE 1 PLANNING + ORGANIZATION	Not Started	In Progress	Done
GAP analysis			
Select company			
Contract			
Develop and do			
Receive Report			
Detailed Implementation Plan			
Develop Draft Proposal			
Identify Potential Channel			



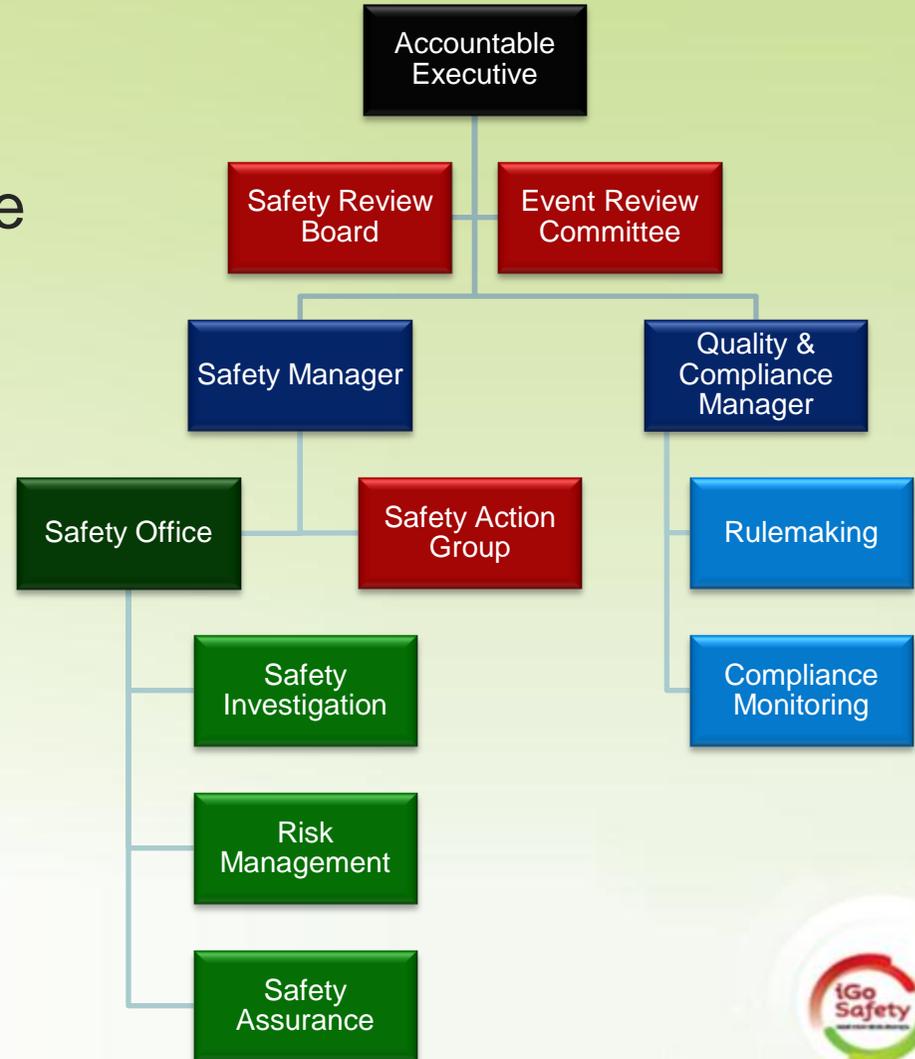
Detailed Implementation Plan		Safety Office ME
2012-2013 GAP analysis not reviewed		
6. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION PROCESSES		
6.1 Hazard identification sheet	Define a worksheet for hazard identification: hazard, sub hazard, department, description, etc. (HIRAC- Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment Control file)	
Apr. 2012	HIRAC form established and included in SMSM, Rev. Appendix C. Not in use. Not yet approved as TAP Mod. ME XXX.	
December 2013	Revised and codified as TAP Mod. ME	
6.2 Hazard identification, ways	Ways for hazard identification: Voluntary Reports, Audits, Surveys, Brainstorming and hazard hunter teams.	
Apr. 2012	Hazard identification methods described on SMSM, section 4.2, Apr. 2010, Rev.0	
-2013	Voluntary reports are fully operational for hazard identification. Surveys and brainstorming not yet scheduled.	
6.3 Hazard Hunting Team	Create Hazard Hunters in each operational area.	NOT STARTED
-2013	Hazard hunter team not created.	
7. RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS		
7.1 Define Safety Voluntary Report form	a) Define report form: Paper form, intranet form, b) Assess the need of different report form for proactive and predictive reporting system c) Establish a transversal and unique template for voluntary and mandatory reports. d) Consider to establish a transversal and unique template for all TAP areas: TA, ME, Grd, Ops	
2010 and 2011	Ways of communication created for voluntary reports: Intranet: https://campus-me.top.pt/sg/so/default.aspx ; email: safetyoffice_me@top.pt	
March 2012	Voluntary report paper form: TAP Mod. ME-0415, Rev. 0, Mar. 2012. All ggo stations in place (8) Dial ext. 35928	



Safety Management System

Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering

- Depende do tipo, tamanho e maturidade da empresa
- Responsabilidades típicas
 - Accountable Executive
 - Top Management
 - Safety Manager
 - Safety Personnel
 - Line Management
 - Safety Review Board
 - Event Review Committee
 - Safety Action Group
 - Todos os Empregados



Estrutura exemplificativa



- A Safety Policy deve:
 - Reflectir o **Comprometimento** da Gestão
 - Fomentar o desenvolvimento de uma Safety Culture **justa e positiva**
 - Delinear as responsabilidades de Safety na **Organização**
 - Atribuir responsabilidades a todos os **Colaboradores**
 - Encorajar a identificação de **perigos** e a gestão dos **riscos**
 - Afirmar a alocação de **recursos**
 - Ser traduzida em **procedimentos**
 - Ser aplicada com **vontade** e com **verdade**

The image shows a document titled "Política da Segurança Safety Policy" from TAP Maintenance & Engineering. The document is in Portuguese and outlines the company's safety policy. It states that safety is a top priority and that the company is committed to a safety culture of justice and positivity. The policy is based on the following principles:

1. Atribuir competências na Segurança a todos os Colaboradores e definir claramente as suas responsabilidades.
2. Cumprir e exceder os regulamentos, normas e procedimentos da Segurança e da Qualidade.
3. Ministrando aos Colaboradores formação inicial e contínua em Segurança, e disponibilizar informação adequada e apropriada sobre assuntos relacionados com a Segurança.
4. Incentivar os Colaboradores a notificar problemas sobre a Segurança.
5. Não tomar medidas punitivas contra qualquer Colaborador que comunique uma preocupação, sugestão, ocorrência, erro ou incidente que afecte a Segurança; contudo, situações de comprovada negligência não são toleradas.
6. Identificar os perigos e sistematicamente analisar e gerir os riscos, adoptando acções de mitigação sempre que necessário, para manter o risco tão baixo quanto razoavelmente praticável e/ou atingível.
7. Garantir que todos os materiais e serviços fornecidos pelo exterior, que tenham impacto na Segurança, cumprem os requisitos aplicáveis.
8. Definir Indicadores para avaliar o desempenho da Segurança relativamente aos Objectivos e Metas traçados e implementar os Planos de Acção necessários.
9. Efectuar Auditorias da Segurança (Safety Audits) e Revisões da Gestão da Segurança (Safety Management Reviews), implementando as acções correctivas e preventivas necessárias.
10. Disponibilizar os recursos necessários para a implementação da Política da Segurança e para a melhoria contínua da Segurança.

The document is signed by Jorge Sobral, Administrator of Maintenance and Engineering, and dated Lisbon, 1st of January 2011.

Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering



**Safety
Management
System**

Conjunto de crenças, normas, atitudes, responsabilidades, práticas sociais e procedimentos técnicos envolvidos na **minimização da exposição** dos colaboradores, gestores, clientes e público em geral a condições consideradas **perigosas**.

Reflecte o modo
como fazemos
as coisas aqui !



Source: ICAO Flight Safety & Human Factors Digest Series





Mediateca



Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering

- Bi-direccional
- Meios físicos
 - MSB
 - Jornal TAP
 - Placards
- Meios virtuais
 - Safety Office ME
 - Safety Library
 - E-mail “iGo Safety”
 - TAP TV



Source: TAP Maintenance & Engineering

- Original (Safety Manager, Safety Officers, Investigadores)
 - **Mitre Institute**, FAA (SMS Theory and Application)
 - **Baines Simmons** (Risk Management, Investigação)
 - **ICAO / EASA / JAA-TO** (Investigação, SMS Theory)
- In-house - inicial
 - Introdução ao SMS (**e-learning**)
 - Vamos falar de Segurança (novas admissões, **2 horas**)
 - Agir com Segurança (todos os trabalhadores, **4 horas**)
 - Gestão do Risco (chefias, **3 horas**)
- In-house - refrescamento (cada 2 anos)
 - Refrescamento SMS e HF (**e-learning**)



TP MAINTENANCE & ENGINEERING

Curso de formação

Gerir e desenvolver equipas

Objetivo geral

Dotar as chefias de conhecimentos de carácter genérico em várias áreas de conhecimento que lhes permitam acompanhar, monitorizar e desenvolver os seus colaboradores, contribuindo para o alcance dos objectivos da organização.

Destinatários

Este curso dirige-se às seguintes funções:

- TMA Chefe de Grupo
- TMA Supervisor
- TMA Chefe de Grupo
- TMA Chefe de Produção
- TMA Coordenador Superior
- TMPF Chefe de Grupo

Duração

1 semana (30 horas)

Estratégia formativa

Presencial

TP MAINTENANCE & ENGINEERING

Curso de formação

Gerir e desenvolver equipas II

Consolidar competências em liderança de equipas.

Objetivo geral

Aprofundar conhecimentos e desenvolver competências dos líderes das equipas em matérias consideradas necessárias à uma liderança alinhada com os objectivos organizacionais.

Destinatários

Este curso dirige-se às seguintes chefias da TAP M&E:

- TMA Chefe de Grupo
- TMA Supervisor
- TMA Chefe de Secção
- TMA Chefe de Grupo
- TMA Chefe de Produção
- TMA Coordenador Superior
- TMPF Chefe de Grupo
- TPPC Chefe de Secção
- TTTMA Chefe de Grupo
- TTTMA Chefe de Secção

Duração

3 dias (18 horas)

Estratégia formativa

Presencial

- Reporte físico
 - Papel
 - Presencial

- Reporte virtual
 - Intranet ME (Safety e HF)
 - Campus ME (Safety)
 - Telefone, e-mail

Channel (Voluntary Reports)	% of Reports
Intranet ME, Campus ME, E-mail (safetyoffice.me@tap.pt)	64%
Paper	19%
Personal, verbal, TA/SM	10%
Human Factors	7%

The screenshot shows the 'me>campus Safety Office' interface. The top part displays a form for creating a new voluntary safety report. A red arrow points to the form's title. Below the form is the 'me>intranet' portal with various navigation links and service buttons. At the bottom, two buttons are circled: 'Reporte Voluntário de Safety' (circled in red) and 'Reporte de Fatores Humanos' (circled in green). Yellow, red, and green arrows point from the text area to these buttons.



Originador

Feedback



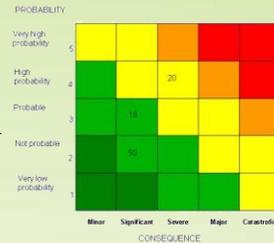
Reporte



Ocorrência

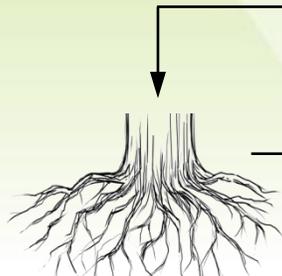


Database



Risk Assessment

- Sem investigação (SO)
- Investigação + acções (SAG)
- Investigação + ERG + acções
- Investigação + SRB + acções



Causa Raíz

SAG ou ERG

SRB



Acções Correctivas e Preventivas



Safety Assurance

Feedback



Relatório Final

se MOR



Autoridade Competente



Safety Management System



- A Gestão do Risco é o **motor** do SMS
- É essencial ter um Sistema de Gestão do Risco **robusto** para ter um SMS **eficaz**
- Desenvolver o Sistema de Gestão do Risco consome **tanto tempo e recursos** como construir o conjunto dos restantes 3 pilares (Policy and Objectives, Promotion e Assurance)

Identificar os perigos conhecidos e/ou latentes e identificar novos perigos resultantes de mudanças (*changes*)

Analisar os riscos inerentes associados com cada perigo

Avaliar cada risco e implementar controlos para reduzir o nível de risco até um nível aceitável (*ALARP*)

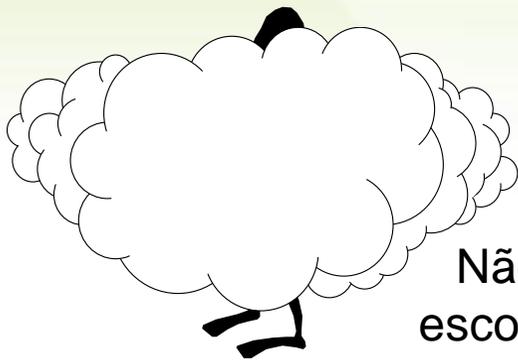
Aceitar o risco residual (*residual risk*) e definir quem tem responsabilidade para aceitar quais níveis de risco

Implementar mecanismos de **monitorização** dos **controlos** de redução do risco

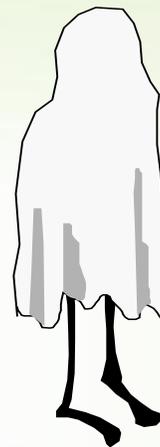


Safety
Management
System

- Alguns acidentes ocorrem quando há alteração de tecnologias, processos, procedimentos ou hábitos enraizados
- É assim importante fazer a Gestão da Mudança (**Management of Change**)



Não devemos
esconder o Risco
da Mudança



Não podemos
esconder-nos do
Risco da Mudança



Emergency Response Procedures





■ Externas

■ IOSA (cada 2 anos)

- Primeira check-list com itens SMS
- Nota dos auditores (última auditoria 2012)

“TAP-ME has a standalone mature SMS which contributes to TAP Corporate SMS”

■ Bureau Veritas, EN 9110:2010 (anual)

- Inclui: Risk Management e Configuration Management

■ Operadores EU com SMS



■ Internas (Compliance Monitoring)

- 1ª Safety Audit - Dez 2012 (6 recomendações)
- 2ª Safety Audit - Out 2013 (3 findings)
- Check-list específica SMS



Safety
Management
System

Safety Performance Indicators - SPIs

TAP SPI MAINTENANCE			SPI (Safety Performance Indicator)			
RESPONSIBLE DEPARTMENT / SYSTEM			MNT (MAINTENANCE & ENGINEERING)	METRICS	ALERT	TARGET
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	AIRCRAFT DEFECT RATE	(Nº of A/C defects logged by Flt Crew) / XXXX Flight Hours		
ME	MA/MO/TS	COSMOS/HIL's	OPEN MEL, NARROWBODY	Average open MEL items (NB) / day		
ME	MA/MO/TS	COSMOS/HIL's	OPEN MEL, WIDEBODY	Average open MEL items (WB) / day		
ME	MA/MO/TS	COSMOS/HIL's	MEL, ONE-TIME EXTENSION	Nº of MEL receiving a one-time extension		
ME	QL/EG/AE	TSO	AD EXCEEDANCE	Nº of Airworthiness Directives exceedances		
ME	QL/EG/AE	TSO	MR EXCEEDANCE	Nº of MR exceedances		
ME	N/A	N/A	MP EXEMPTIONS, NARROW BODY	Nº of Maintenance Program exemptions on NB A/C		
ME	N/A	N/A	MP EXEMPTIONS, WIDE BODY	Nº of Maintenance Program exemptions on WB A/C		
ME	LG/GR	Aries	CANNIBALIZATION	Nº of Cannibalizations		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	ENGINE	Nº of Engine related failures Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	LANDING GEAR	Nº of Gear related failures Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	FLIGHT CONTROLS	Nº of Flight control Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	ELETRICAL	Nº of Electric related Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	FUEL	Nº of Fuel system Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	FIRE / SMOKE	Nº of Fire or smoke Incidents / 1000 cycles		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	DUE MAINT. TECH. BREAKDOWN	(Nº of Events / Nº of Flight Legs) x 100		
ME	EG/FP	COSMOS	ERROR RATE IN MAINTENANCE	(Nº of Errors / Nº of tasks) x 100		

Exemplificativo

- A maioria monitoriza riscos **já conhecidos**
- Outros resultam da análise **preditiva** de cenários de falha
- Alguns são mantidos em “stand-by” devido a correlação **fraca** com ocorrências de alto risco (**HRI**)



Safety Management System

- Experiência TAP-ME em QMS (desde 1998)
 - Certificações:
 - ISO 9001 e EN 9110
 - Ciclo de Deming
 - Mapeamento de Processos
 - Objectivos
 - KPIs, Metas e Alertas
 - Management Reviews
 - Action Plans
 - Melhoria Contínua
- Aplicação ao SMS:
 - Fácil, directa, imediata



- Começar **cedo**
- **Planear**
- Garantir o comprometimento **incondicional** da Gestão de Topo
- Assegurar os **recursos** necessários
- **Formar, Informar, Comunicar**
- Estar preparado para resistir à **pressão**
- Estar preparado para **não punir**
- Atenção à **Gestão do Risco**
- **“Talk the Walk” e “Walk the Talk”**



Obrigado pela vossa atenção



Jorge Leite
TAP Maintenance & Engineering
VP Quality and Safety

dleite@tap.pt

www.tapme.pt

www.flytap.pt